## IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE WESTERN DISTRICT OF VIRGINIA ROANOKE DIVISION

LEVI SPRINGER,	)	
Plaintiff,	) Case No. 7:14CV006	589
V.	) OPINION	
UNITED STATES,	) By: James P. Jones	
Defendant.	) United States District	t Judge

Levi Springer, Pro Se Plaintiff.

The plaintiff, Levi Springer, a state inmate proceeding pro se, has filed a civil rights action, alleging that he seeks relief under 42 U.S.C. § 1983 against the United States, seeking an injunction directing court officials to return funds paid to the court from his inmate trust account. Springer has not prepaid the necessary filing fee to proceed with this action and asks to be allowed to proceed in forma pauperis. Upon review of the record, I find that this lawsuit must be summarily dismissed under 28 U.S.C. § 1915(g).

The Prison Litigation Reform Act of 1995 substantially amended 28 U.S.C. § 1915, the in forma pauperis statute. One purpose of the Act was to require all prisoner litigants suing government entities or officials to pay filing fees in full, either through prepayment or through installments withheld from the litigant's inmate trust account. § 1915(b). Section 1915(g) denies the installment payment

method to prisoners who have "three strikes" — those prisoners who have had three previous cases or appeals dismissed as frivolous, malicious, or for failure to state a claim — unless the three-striker inmate shows "imminent danger of serious physical injury." § 1915(g).

Springer has brought such actions or appeals on three or more prior occasions, including *Springer v. Clarke*, No. 12-6100 (4th Cir. April 11, 2012) (denying application to proceed in forma pauperis on appeal under § 1915(g), based on three "strikes") (citing *Springer v. Shaw*, No. 1:09-cv-1339 (E.D. Va. Jan. 4, 2010); *Springer v. Reid*, No. 1:10-cv-1392 (E.D. Va. Feb. 14, 2011); and *Springer v. Reid*, 1:10-cv-1445 (E.D. Va. Feb. 14, 2011)). Accordingly, Springer may proceed in forma pauperis only if he can show imminent danger of serious physical injury. § 1915(g).

Springer's current submissions indicate that several hundred dollars have been deposited in his inmate trust account in the past few months from the U.S. Treasury as part of an Indian Trust Settlement Disbursement. Springer complains that Red Onion State Prison officials wrongfully withheld money from these deposits toward satisfaction of past federal court filing fees that Springer had consented to pay through withholding from his inmate trust account. Springer seeks return of these monies and compensation for officials' actions. Based on these allegations, I cannot find that Springer has shown imminent danger of

physical harm as required under § 1915(g) so as to allow him to proceed by paying

the filing fee through installments.

Because the records reflect that Springer has at least three "strikes" under

§ 1915(g) and he has not demonstrated that he is in imminent danger of physical

harm related to his present claims, I must deny his application to proceed in forma

pauperis in this civil action under § 1915(g). Because he has not prepaid the \$350

filing fee or the \$50 administrative fee required to bring a civil action in this court,

I will dismiss the Complaint without prejudice.

A separate Final Order will be entered herewith.

DATED: January 6, 2015

/s/ James P. Jones

United States District Judge

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